Spring FORWARD legal updates ____

When Workplace Investigations Are Necessary

And How To Manage Them When They Are







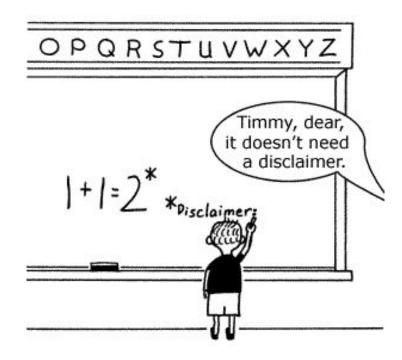
Presented by:

Marnie Baizley and Jessyca Greenwood



\$ 0

Legal Disclaimer



Legal Disclaimers

We're lawyers and know that legal disclaimers are never fun to read, but sometimes necessary to have. To clarify the legal scope and intent of our webinars, here are our general legal disclaimers that apply to all SpringLaw videos, webinars and content on our YouTube channel:

- 1) The content of this webinar should not be relied upon as legal advice. If you require legal advice, please contact one of SpringLaw's lawyers, or you may wish to consult with the <u>Law Society of Ontario</u> for a listing of lawyers in Ontario.
- 2) Attending, accessing or viewing any SpringLaw webinars does not create a lawyer-client relationship with anyone at SpringLaw. That will only happen after you formally sign a Legal Services Agreement with us.
- 3) You should apply your own judgement in making any use of any content from our webinars, including the use of the information as the basis for any conclusions. Every case and set of facts is different and unique to you our videos are informational only.
- 4) The law changes quickly in Canada. We do not guarantee that the content of our recorded webinar videos is accurate, complete or up-to-date given how quickly the law can change. SpringLaw assumes no obligation to update the content. We assume no responsibility for errors or omissions in the content or other documents that are referenced by or linked to in our videos. The content of this webinar may be changed without notice to you.

Please contact us at <u>info@springlaw.ca</u> if you have any questions about any of our content or your legal matter generally.

Presentation Roadmap

- When are investigations necessary?
- Initial steps, principles and considerations
- Alternatives to investigations
- Best practices for an effective (and defensible) employer response to allegations/incidences of workplace misconduct
- Mistakes to avoid



When Are Workplace Investigations Necessary?

- Are you aware of allegations or incidents of workplace harassment, violence or discrimination?
- If yes → legal obligation to investigate
- Planning the investigation: what is "appropriate in the circumstances"
- The standard is reasonableness, not perfection

You Are Legally Obligated to Investigate!

OHSA

 Section 32.0.7(a): an employer shall ensure that an investigation is conducted into incidents and complaints of workplace harassment

Human Rights Code

• The rationale underlying the duty to investigate a complaint of discrimination is to ensure that the rights under the *Code* are meaningful... The Tribunal's jurisprudence has established that the employer's duty to investigate is held to a standard of reasonableness, not correctness or perfection.



Initial Steps When Allegations / Incidences Arise

- Duty to investigate is easily triggered under OHSA: complaints and incidents (s.32.07.7(1)(a))
- How serious are the allegations / incidences?
- Assess the complexity
- Who / how many at the organization will need to be involved?
- Consider each party's perspective when planning the employer's response
- What is "appropriate in the circumstances"?
- Consider strategic legal consultation with employment law counsel

10

Pre-Investigation Considerations

- Once you decide a matter requires a formal investigation
- If so should the investigation be internal or external?
- If Internal who will lead?
- If External who will the organization select and work with?
 - Who will be responsible for providing the External Investigator with instructions?

General Principles of Investigations

- Act expeditiously, fairly and decisively
- Fairness as the overriding requirement throughout
- Objective/neutral investigation

Real-life workplace scenarios

Alternatives to Investigations

- Cultural assessment
- Performance management
- Coaching
- Mediation
- Early termination with or without cause is sometimes a cost-effective & appropriate solution



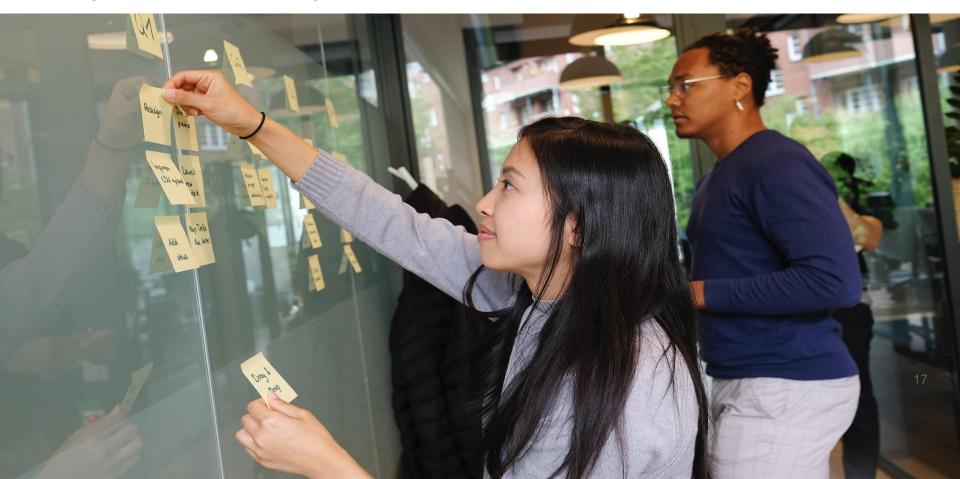
Best Practices

- Even if you are not the investigator:
 - Ensure parties and potential witnesses maintain confidentiality
 - Take steps to prevent reprisals / allegations of reprisal
 - Be mindful of all internal communications no evidence of predetermination!
 - -usually not privileged and are producible in litigation (assume they are!)
 - Procedural fairness throughout will lead to a more defensible employer response, and often a better outcome

Mistakes to Avoid

- Do's and Don'ts of (internal) investigations
 - no particulars of allegations provided in advance
 - investigator is not impartial or perceived to be impartial
 - evidence of pre-judgment / pre-determination
 - balance efficiency with thoroughness (e.g. inadequate follow up with witnesses / gaps - can lead to claims of procedural unfairness)
 - same with unreasonable delays

Key Takeaways



Takeaways

- Assess seriousness and complexity of allegations / incidents
- If an investigation is required, what is 'appropriate in the circumstances'?
- What alternatives methods could address the workplace discord?
- Procedural fairness:
 - Treat the parties the way you would want to be treated if in their shoes
 - Leads to a better outcome and more defensible employer response

Questions?

To learn more about our team: https://springlaw.ca/team/

To connect with our legal team:

- Marnie Baizley mbaizley@springlaw.ca
- Jessyca Greenwood jgreenwood@springlaw.ca
- Lindsay Koruna Ikoruna@springlaw.ca
- Danielle Murray dmurray@springlaw.ca
- Gaya Murti gmurti@springlaw.ca
- Hilary Page hpage@springlaw.ca
- Emily Siu esiu@springlaw.ca
- Lisa Stam Istam@springlaw.ca

Sign up for future **SpringForward Legal Updates**: https://springlaw.ca/employers/springforward-legal-updates/

Sign up for our monthly Newsletter: www.springlaw.ca

THANK YOU!



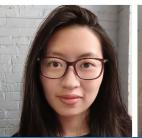














§pring LAW